

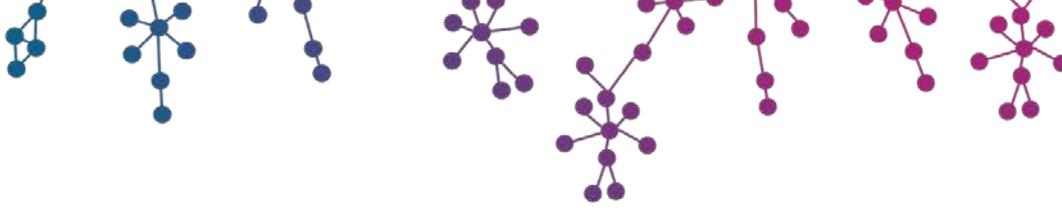
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# GRAPHUS

## for Office 365

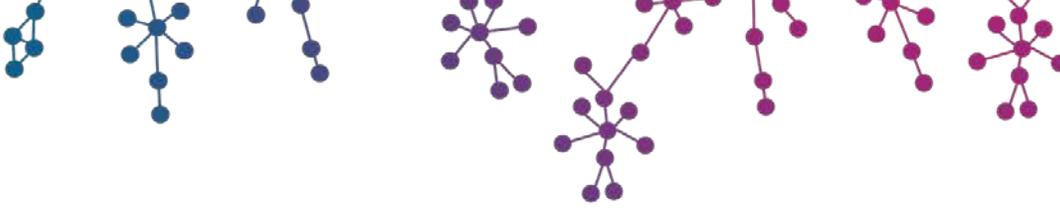
### Activation Guide

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# 1. Graphus Application Activation

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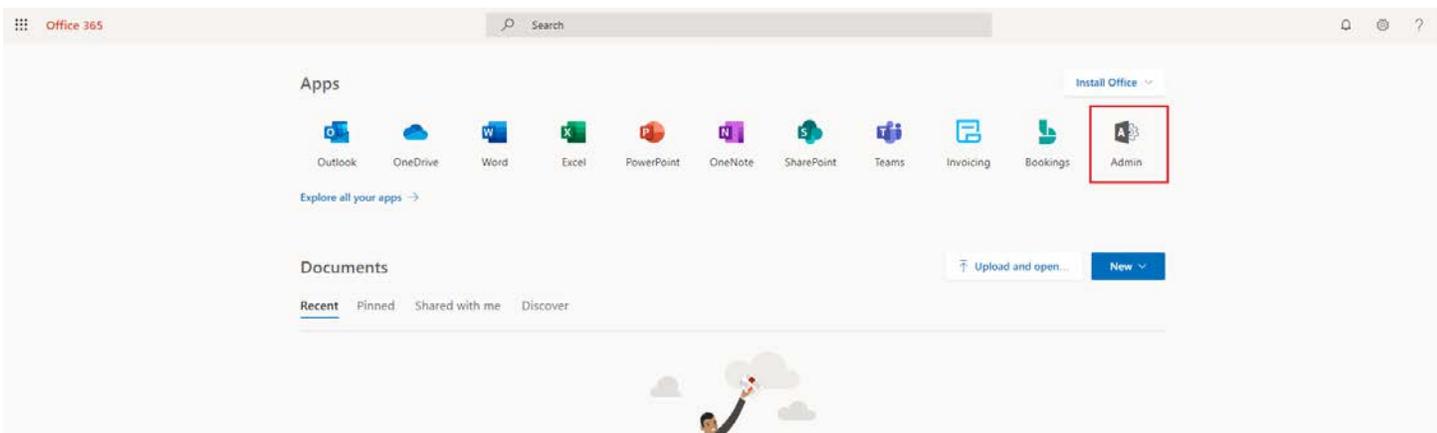
## Notes

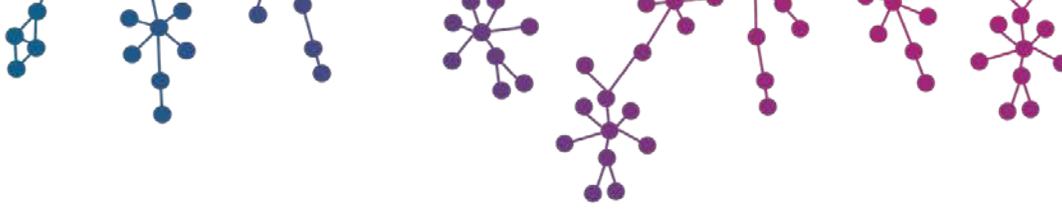
The activation process has to be carried out by the global administrator of Azure AD for your organization.

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## Steps

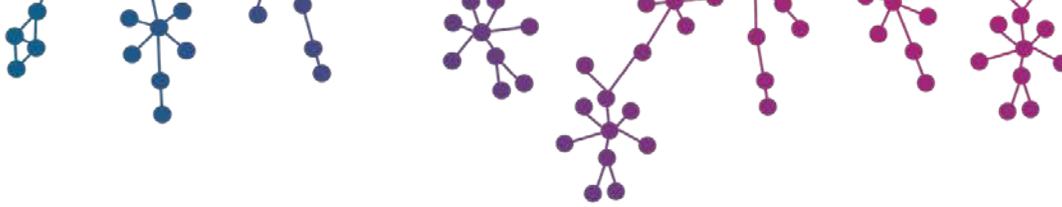
1. Login to Office 365 portal and select **Admin**.



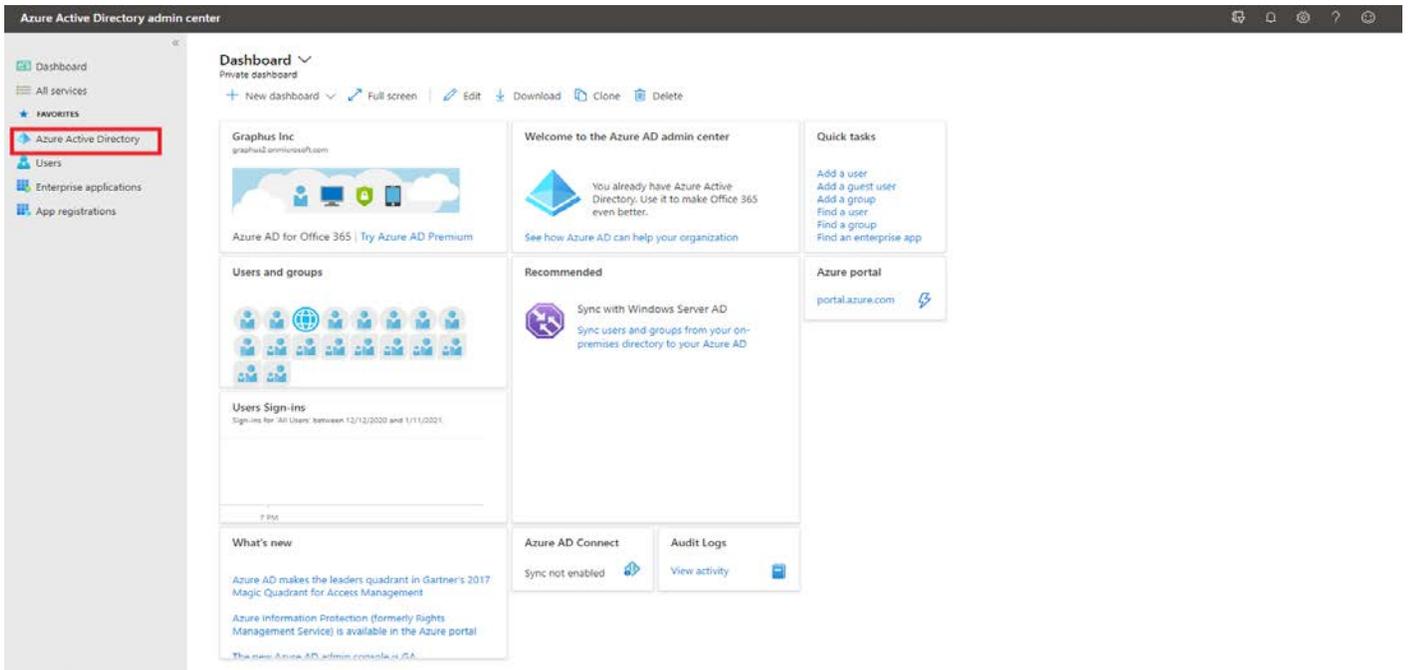


2. Under **Admin centers**, click **Azure Active Directory**.

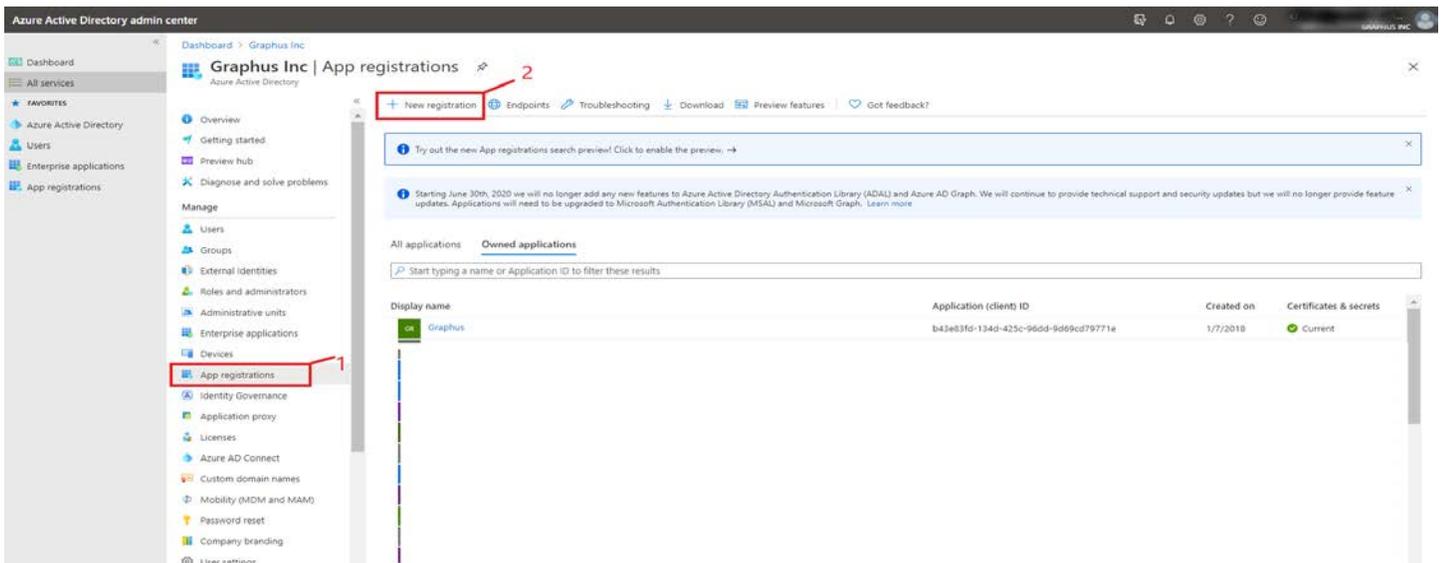
The screenshot shows the Microsoft 365 admin center interface. On the left, the navigation sidebar is visible, with the 'Admin centers' section expanded. 'Azure Active Directory' is highlighted with a red rectangular box. The main content area, titled 'Graphus', shows a search bar and a '+ Add card' button. Below this, the 'Essentials' section contains three cards: 'User management' (with 'Add user' and 'Edit user' buttons), 'Billing' (showing a total balance of ₹0.00 with 'Balance' and 'Subscription' buttons), and 'Training & guides' (with three training links).

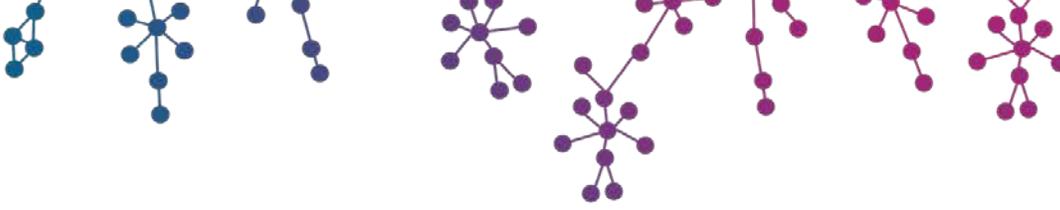


3. In the **Azure Active Directory admin center**, click **Azure Active Directory**.



4. Under the **Manage** section, click **App registrations** and then choose **New registration**.





5. In the **Register an application** page, enter the name as *Graphus* and select Supported account types as **Accounts in this organizational directory only**. In the Redirect URI section, select **Web** and enter *https://eucloud.graph.us/login* as the URL. Then, click **Register**.

Azure Active Directory admin center

Dashboard > App registrations >

### Register an application

\* Name  
The user-facing display name for this application (this can be changed later).

Graphus

Supported account types  
Who can use this application or access this API?

- Accounts in this organizational directory only (Graphus Inc only - Single tenant)
- Accounts in any organizational directory (Any Azure AD directory - Multitenant)
- Accounts in any organizational directory (Any Azure AD directory - Multitenant) and personal Microsoft accounts (e.g. Skype, Xbox)
- Personal Microsoft accounts only

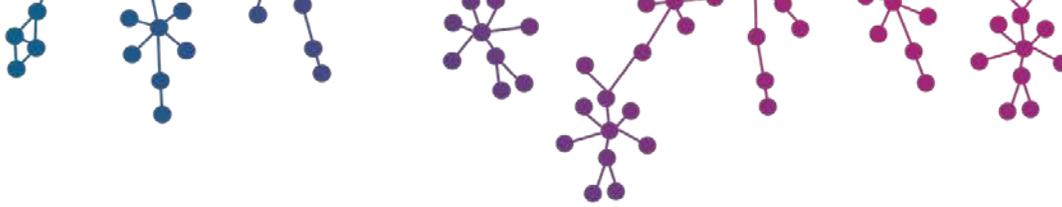
[Help me choose...](#)

Redirect URI (optional)  
We'll return the authentication response to this URI after successfully authenticating the user. Providing this now is optional and it can be changed later, but a value is required for most authentication scenarios.

Web | https://eucloud.graph.us/login

By proceeding, you agree to the [Microsoft Platform Policies](#)

**Register**



6. Copy and save the Application (client) ID. It will be used in a step later.

Dashboard > Graphus - App registrations > Graphus

### Graphus

Overview

Quickstart

Manage

- Branding
- Authentication
- Certificates & secrets
- API permissions
- Expose an API
- Owners
- Manifest

Support + Troubleshooting

- Troubleshooting
- New support request

Delete Endpoints

Display name : Graphus

Supported account types : My organization only

Redirect URIs : 1 web, 0 public client

Managed application in ... : Graphus

Application (client) ID : 0b23712e-1e30-4cd6-bc42-e897167005ad

Directory (tenant) ID : 9ff61353-31f6-4a9a-8d65-aa1181284684

Object ID : 9446bb16-8d5d-444c-b69e-d80b9f7cf490

Welcome to the new and improved App registrations. Looking to learn how it's changed from App registrations (Legacy)? [Learn more](#)

#### Call APIs

Build more powerful apps with rich user and business data from Microsoft services and your own company's data sources.

[View API Permissions](#)

#### Documentation

- Microsoft identity platform
- Authentication scenarios
- Authentication libraries
- Code samples
- Microsoft Graph
- Glossary
- Help and Support

7. In the Manage section, select **Certificates & secrets**. Upload the certificate file generated from Graphus MSP portal.

Dashboard > Graphus - App registrations > Graphus - Certificates & secrets

### Graphus - Certificates & secrets

Overview

Quickstart

Manage

- Branding
- Authentication
- Certificates & secrets** 1
- API permissions
- Expose an API
- Owners
- Manifest

Support + Troubleshooting

- Troubleshooting
- New support request

Credentials enable applications to identify themselves to the authentication service when receiving tokens at a web addressable location (using an HTTPS scheme). For a higher level of assurance, we recommend using a certificate (instead of a client secret) as a credential.

#### Certificates

Certificates can be used as secrets to prove the application's identity when requesting a token. Also can be referred to as public keys.

[Upload certificate](#) 2

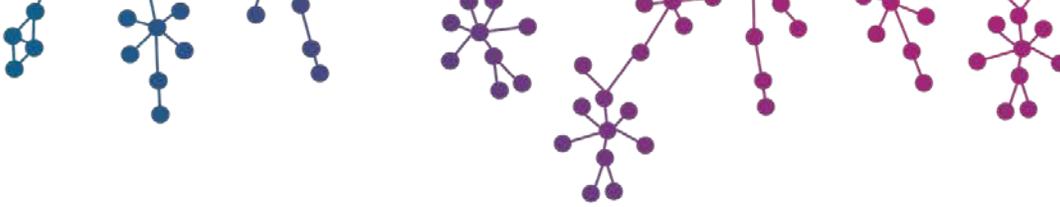
THUMBPRINT	START DATE	EXPIRES
No certificates have been added for this application.		

#### Client secrets

A secret string that the application uses to prove its identity when requesting a token. Also can be referred to as application password.

[New client secret](#)

DESCRIPTION	EXPIRES	VALUE
No client secrets have been created for this application.		



8. The uploaded certificate file should look like the one depicted below in the Certificates section.

Dashboard > Graphus - App registrations > Graphus - Certificates & secrets

### Graphus - Certificates & secrets

Overview  
Quickstart

Manage

- Branding
- Authentication
- Certificates & secrets**
- API permissions
- Expose an API
- Owners
- Manifest

Support + Troubleshooting

- Troubleshooting
- New support request

Credentials enable applications to identify themselves to the authentication service when receiving tokens at a web addressable location (using an HTTPS scheme). For a higher level of assurance, we recommend using a certificate (instead of a client secret) as a credential.

#### Certificates

Certificates can be used as secrets to prove the application's identity when requesting a token. Also can be referred to as public keys.

[Upload certificate](#)

THUMBPRINT	START DATE	EXPIRES
EF28CE48C65741F5F21009F443892948068C4AFA	5/12/2019	5/9/2029

#### Client secrets

A secret string that the application uses to prove its identity when requesting a token. Also can be referred to as application password.

[New client secret](#)

DESCRIPTION	EXPIRES	VALUE
No client secrets have been created for this application.		

9. In the Graphus – Certificates & secrets page, click **New client secret**, enter *Graphus* in the Description field, select **24 months** from the Expires dropdown menu, and click **Add**.

Azure Active Directory admin center

Dashboard > Graphus > Graphus

### Graphus | Certificates & secrets

Search (Ctrl+F) | Got feedback?

Overview  
Quickstart  
Integration assistant

Manage

- Branding
- Authentication
- Certificates & secrets**
- Token configuration
- API permissions
- Expose an API
- App roles
- Owners
- Roles and administrators | Preview
- Manifest

Support + Troubleshooting

- Troubleshooting
- New support request

Credentials enable confidential applications to identify themselves to the authentication service when receiving tokens at a web addressable location (using an HTTPS scheme). For a higher level of assurance, we recommend using a certificate (instead of a client secret) as a credential.

#### Certificates

Certificates can be used as secrets to prove the application's identity when requesting a token. Also can be referred to as public keys.

[Upload certificate](#)

Thumbprint	Start date	Expires	ID
08ADEB609CF4C758F0F854D303D0172D5518E858	7/28/2020	7/26/2030	965F70D0-8787-48e...

#### Client secrets

A secret string that the application uses to prove its identity when requesting a token. Also can be referred to as application password.

[New client secret](#)

Description	Expires	Value	ID
No client secrets have been created for this application.			

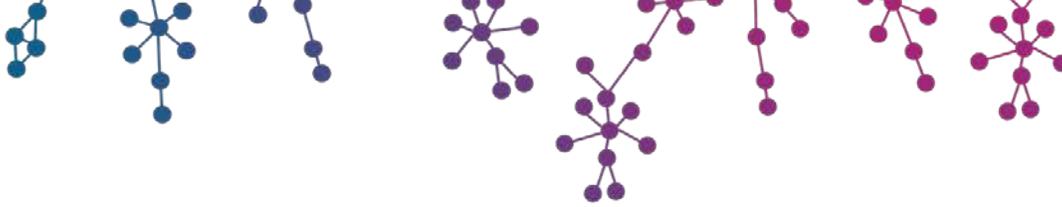
**Add client secret**

1 [+ New client secret](#)

2 Description:

Expires:

3 [Add](#) [Cancel](#)



10. This will automatically generate a value which will be displayed under the **Value** field corresponding to the client secret created in the above step.

Azure Active Directory admin center

Dashboard > App registrations > Graphus

### Graphus | Certificates & secrets

Search (Ctrl+/) Got feedback?

#### Certificates

Certificates can be used as secrets to prove the application's identity when requesting a token. Also can be referred to as public keys.

Upload certificate

Thumbprint	Start date	Expires	ID
3579B1E9AF2DD29C91F9BF2CFBF4406D6170E8EB	8/18/2020	8/16/2030	e4ee931b-cc82-4a20-819e-1b03483ab...

#### Client secrets

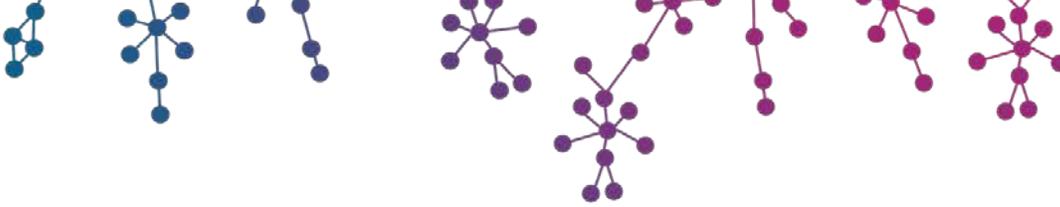
A secret string that the application uses to prove its identity when requesting a token. Also can be referred to as application password.

+ New client secret

Description	Expires	Value	ID
Graphus	12/30/2299	6F*****	ca382b5c-1a63-4a0c-9ec1-2dafa53036d6

Copy the value immediately after the creation. Update Application (client) ID (refer step 6) and this client secret value in Graphus MSP portal activation page. Click **Activate organization** on Graphus MSP portal.

*Note: This value will no longer be accessible after you leave this blade.*



Graphus requires permissions from the APIs provided by Microsoft. To learn more about these permissions, refer to [chapter 2](#) of this guide.

11. In the Manage section, select **API permissions**, click **Add a permission**, then select **Microsoft Graph** from the APIs.

The screenshot shows the 'Request API permissions' interface in the Azure portal. On the left, the 'API permissions' link is highlighted with a red box and the number '1'. In the center, the '+ Add a permission' button is highlighted with a red box and the number '2'. On the right, the 'Microsoft Graph' API is highlighted with a red box and the number '3'. Below the main content, there are sections for 'More Microsoft APIs' including Azure Batch, Azure Data Catalog, Azure Data Explorer, Azure Data Explorer (with Multifactor Authentication), Azure Data Lake, and Azure Import/Export.

12. For **Microsoft Graph** API, choose **Application Permissions**, then select the below 10 permissions and click **Add permissions**.

Contacts

- **Contacts.Read** (Read contacts in all mailboxes)

Directory

- **Directory.Read.All** (Read directory data)

Group

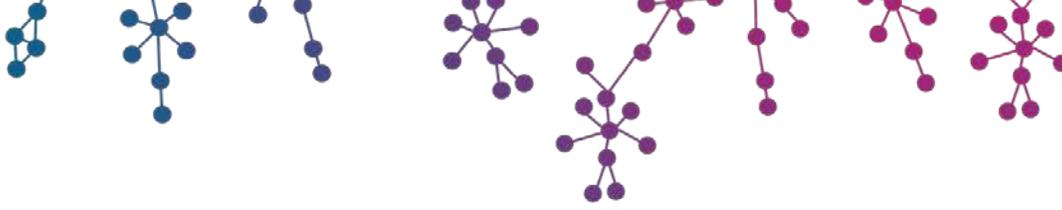
- **Group.Read.All** (Read all groups)

MailboxSettings

- **MailboxSettings.Read** (Read all user mailbox settings)

Mail

- **Mail.Read** (Read mail in all mailboxes)
- **Mail.ReadWrite** (Read and write mail in all mailboxes)



### Member

- **Member.Read.Hidden** (Read all hidden memberships)

### People

- **People.Read.All** (Read all users' relevant people lists)

### User

- **User.Export.All** (Export user's data)
- **User.Read.All** (Read all users' full profiles)

---

*Note: None of the DELEGATED PERMISSIONS are required.*

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Graphus - API permissions

### Request API permissions

< All APIs  
Microsoft Graph  
<https://graph.microsoft.com/> Docs

What type of permissions does your application require?

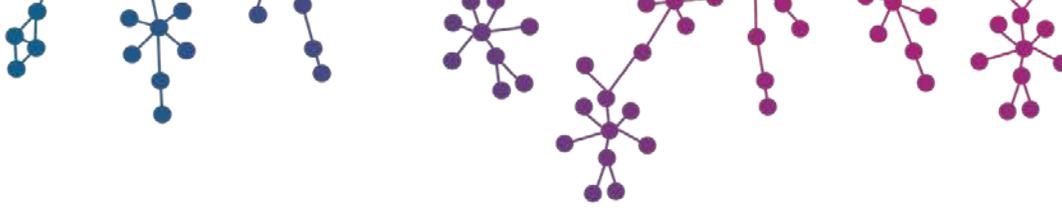
- Delegated permissions  
Your application needs to access the API as the signed-in user.
- Application permissions**  
Your application runs as a background service or daemon without a signed-in user.

Select permissions [expand all](#)

Type to search

PERMISSION	ADMIN CONSENT REQUIRED
▶ AccessReview	
▶ Application	
▶ AuditLog	
▶ Calendars	
▶ Calls	
▶ ChannelMessage	
▶ Chat	
▼ <b>Contacts (1)</b>	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Contacts.Read</b> Read contacts in all mailboxes ⓘ 1	Yes
<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Contacts.ReadWrite</b> Read and write contacts in all mailboxes ⓘ	Yes
▶ Device	
▶ Directory	
▶ Domain	

[Add permissions](#) [Discard](#)



Graphus - API permissions

### API permissions

Applications are authorized to use APIs by requesting permissions. These permissions show up on grant/deny access.

[+ Add a permission](#)

API / PERMISSIONS NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
No permissions added		

These are the permissions that this application requests statically. You may also request user comparable permissions dynamically through code. [See best practices for requesting permissions](#)

### Grant consent

As an administrator, you can grant consent on behalf of all users in this directory. Granting admin consent means that end users will not be shown a consent screen when using the application.

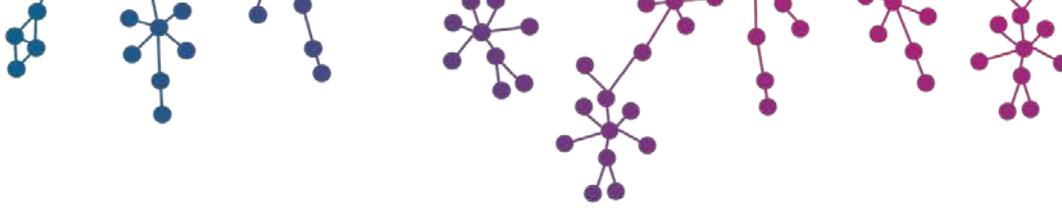
[Grant admin consent for Graphus](#)

### Request API permissions

< All APIs

- Device
- Directory (1)
  - Directory.Read.All  
Read directory data 2 Yes
  - Directory.ReadWrite.All  
Read and write directory data Yes
- Domain
- EduAdministration
- EduAssignments
- EduRoster
- Files
- Group (1)
  - Group.Read.All  
Read all groups 3 Yes
  - Group.ReadWrite.All  
Read and write all groups Yes
- IdentityRiskEvent
- IdentityRiskyUser
- MailboxSettings (1)
  - MailboxSettings.Read  
Read all user mailbox settings 4 Yes
  - MailboxSettings.ReadWrite  
Read and write all user mailbox settings Yes
- Mail
- Member

[Add permissions](#) [Discard](#)



### API permissions

Applications are authorized to use APIs by requesting permissions. These permissions show up on the application's consent screen and grant/deny access.

[+ Add a permission](#)

API / PERMISSIONS NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
No permissions added		

These are the permissions that this application requests statically. You may also request user consent for permissions dynamically through code. [See best practices for requesting permissions](#)

### Grant consent

As an administrator, you can grant consent on behalf of all users in this directory. Granting admin consent means that end users will not be shown a consent screen when using the application.

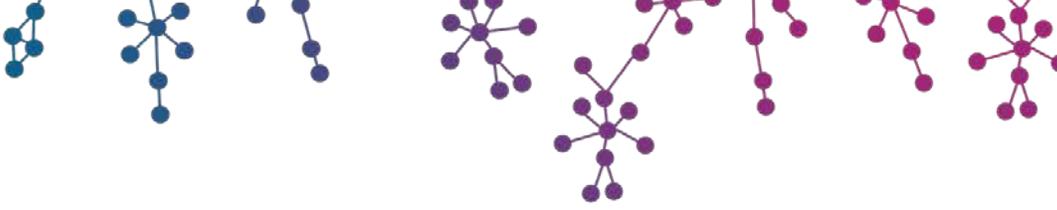
[Grant admin consent for Graphus](#)

### Request API permissions

< All APIs

- Mail (2)
  - Mail.Read  
Read mail in all mailboxes 5 Yes
  - Mail.ReadWrite  
Read and write mail in all mailboxes 6 Yes
  - Mail.Send  
Send mail as any user Yes
- Member (1)
  - Member.Read.Hidden  
Read all hidden memberships 7 Yes
- Notes
- OnlineMeetings
- People (1)
  - People.Read.All  
Read all users' relevant people lists 8 Yes
- ProgramControl
- Reports
- SecurityActions
- SecurityEvents
- Sites
- ThreatIndicators
- User (2)
  - User.Export.All  
Export user's data 9 Yes
  - User.Invite.All  
Invite guest users to the organization Yes
  - User.Read.All  
Read all users' full profiles 10 Yes
  - User.ReadWrite.All  
Read and write all users' full profiles Yes

[Add permissions](#) [Discard](#)



13. Click **Add a permission**, select tab **APIs my organization uses**, search for *Office 365 Exchange Online*, and select **Office 365 Exchange Online API** from the results.

Permissions have changed. Users and/or admins will have to consent even if they have already done so.

API permissions

Applications are authorized to use APIs by requesting permissions. These permissions show up in the application's permissions list. You can grant/deny access.

**+ Add a permission** 1

API / PERMISSIONS NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
▼ Microsoft Graph (10)		
Contacts.Read	Application	Read contacts in all mailboxes
Directory.Read.All	Application	Read directory data for all users in the organization
Group.Read.All	Application	Read all groups
Mail.Read	Application	Read mail in all mailboxes
Mail.ReadWrite	Application	Read and write mail in all mailboxes
MailboxSettings.Read	Application	Read all user mailbox settings
Member.Read.Hidden	Application	Read all hidden members of groups and distribution lists
People.Read.All	Application	Read all users' profiles
User.Export.All	Application	Export users' data
User.Read.All	Application	Read all users' full profiles

These are the permissions that this application requests statically. You may also request user consentable permissions dynamically through code. [See best practices for requesting permissions](#)

Grant consent

As an administrator, you can grant consent on behalf of all users in this directory. Granting admin consent means that end users will not be shown a consent screen when using the application.

Request API permissions

Select an API 2

Microsoft APIs **APIs my organization uses** My APIs

Apps in your directory that expose APIs are shown below

Office 365 Exchange Online

NAME	APPLICATION (CLIENT) ID
<b>Office 365 Exchange Online</b> 3	00000002-0000-0ff1-ce00-000000000000

14. For **Office 365 Exchange Online API**, choose **Application Permissions**, then select the below six permissions and click **Add permissions**.

#### Contacts

- **Contacts.Read** (Read contacts in all mailboxes)

#### MailboxSettings

- **MailboxSettings.Read** (Read all user mailbox settings)

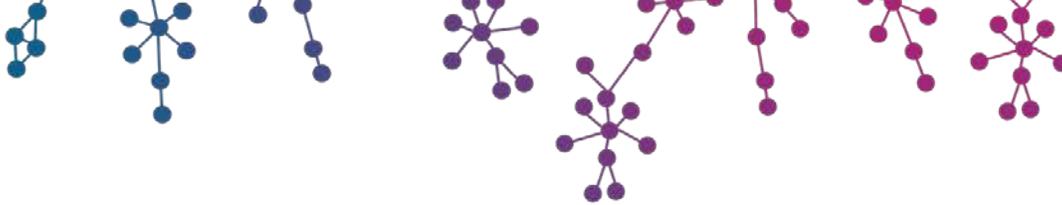
#### Mail

- **Mail.Read** (Read mail in all mailboxes)
- **Mail.ReadWrite** (Read and write mail in all mailboxes)

#### User

- **User.Read.All** (Read all users' full profiles)
- **User.ReadBasic.All** (Read all users' basic profiles)

*Note: None of the DELEGATED PERMISSIONS are required.*



Graphus - API permissions

**Permissions have changed.** Users and/or admins will have to consent even if they have already done so.

### API permissions

Applications are authorized to use APIs by requesting permissions. These permissions show you what permissions are granted/denied access.

[+ Add a permission](#)

API / PERMISSIONS NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
▼ Microsoft Graph (10)		
<a href="#">Contacts.Read</a>	Application	Read contacts in all mailboxes
<a href="#">Directory.Read.All</a>	Application	Read directory data
<a href="#">Group.Read.All</a>	Application	Read all groups
<a href="#">Mail.Read</a>	Application	Read mail in all mailboxes
<a href="#">Mail.ReadWrite</a>	Application	Read and write mail in all mailboxes
<a href="#">MailboxSettings.Read</a>	Application	Read all user mailbox settings
<a href="#">Member.Read.Hidden</a>	Application	Read all hidden members
<a href="#">People.Read.All</a>	Application	Read all users' relationships
<a href="#">User.Export.All</a>	Application	Export user's data
<a href="#">User.Read.All</a>	Application	Read all users' profiles

These are the permissions that this application requests statically. You may also request user consentable permissions dynamically through code. [See best practices for requesting permissions](#)

### Grant consent

As an administrator, you can grant consent on behalf of all users in this directory. Granting admin consent means that end users will not be shown a consent screen when using the application.

[Grant admin consent for Graphus](#)

### Request API permissions

< All APIs

Exchange  
https://outlook.office365.com/ Docs

What type of permissions does your application require?

**Delegated permissions**  
Your application needs to access the API as the signed-in user.

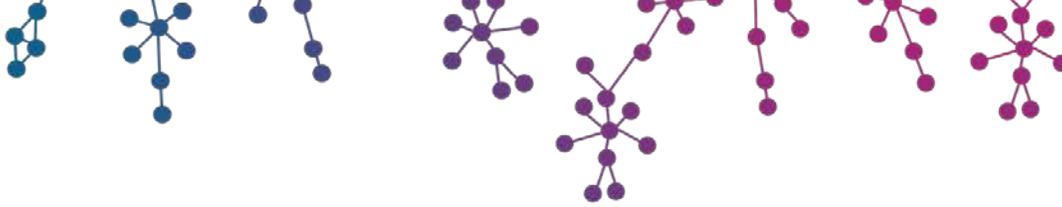
**Application permissions**  
Your application runs as a background service or daemon without a signed-in user.

Select permissions expand all

Type to search

PERMISSION	ADMIN CONSENT REQUIRED
<input type="checkbox"/> full_access_as_app Use Exchange Web Services with full access to all mailboxes	Yes
▶ Calendars	
▼ Contacts (1)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Contacts.Read Read contacts in all mailboxes 1	Yes
<input type="checkbox"/> Contacts.ReadWrite Read and write contacts in all mailboxes	Yes
▶ Mailbox	
▼ MailboxSettings (1)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MailboxSettings.Read Read all user mailbox settings 2	Yes
<input type="checkbox"/> MailboxSettings.ReadWrite Read and write all user mailbox settings	Yes
▶ Mail	
▶ Tasks	
▶ User	

[Add permissions](#) [Discard](#)



Graphus - API permissions

**Permissions have changed.** Users and/or admins will have to consent even if they have already done so.

### API permissions

Applications are authorized to use APIs by requesting permissions. These permissions show up on the application's consent screen and can be grant/deny access.

[+ Add a permission](#)

API / PERMISSIONS NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
▼ Microsoft Graph (10)		
<a href="#">Contacts.Read</a>	Application	Read contacts in all mailboxes
<a href="#">Directory.Read.All</a>	Application	Read directory data for all users
<a href="#">Group.Read.All</a>	Application	Read all groups
<a href="#">Mail.Read</a>	Application	Read mail in all mailboxes
<a href="#">Mail.ReadWrite</a>	Application	Read and write mail in all mailboxes
<a href="#">MailboxSettings.Read</a>	Application	Read all user mailbox settings
<a href="#">Member.Read.Hidden</a>	Application	Read all hidden members of groups
<a href="#">People.Read.All</a>	Application	Read all users' profiles
<a href="#">User.Export.All</a>	Application	Export user's data
<a href="#">User.Read.All</a>	Application	Read all users' full profiles

These are the permissions that this application requests statically. You may also request user consent for permissions dynamically through code. [See best practices for requesting permissions](#)

### Grant consent

As an administrator, you can grant consent on behalf of all users in this directory. Granting admin consent means that end users will not be shown a consent screen when using the application.

[Grant admin consent for Graphus](#)

### Request API permissions

< All APIs

**Delegated permissions**  
Your application needs to access the API as the signed-in user.

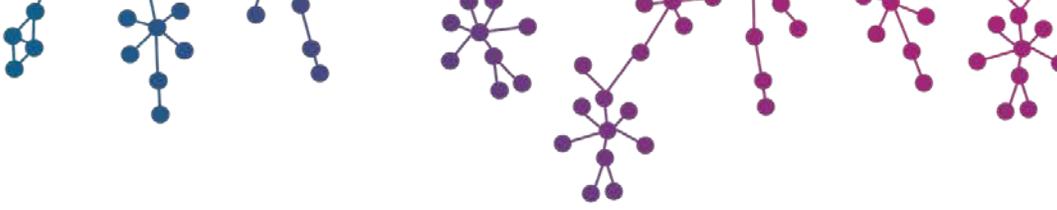
**Application permissions**  
Your application runs as a background service or daemon without a signed-in user.

Select permissions [expand all](#)

Type to search

PERMISSION	ADMIN CONSENT REQUIRED
<input type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">full_access_as_app</a> Use Exchange Web Services with full access to all mailboxes	Yes
▶ Calendars	
▶ Contacts (1)	
▶ Mailbox	
▶ MailboxSettings (1)	
▼ Mail (2)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">Mail.Read</a> Read mail in all mailboxes	Yes
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">Mail.ReadWrite</a> Read and write mail in all mailboxes	Yes
<input type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">Mail.Send</a> Send mail as any user	Yes
▶ Tasks	
▼ User (2)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">User.Read.All</a> Read all users' full profiles	Yes
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <a href="#">User.ReadBasic.All</a> Read all users' basic profiles	Yes

[Add permissions](#) [Discard](#)



15. Click **Add a permission**, select the tab **APIs my organization uses**, search for *Windows Azure Active Directory*, and select **Windows Azure Active Directory API** from the results.

Graphus - API permissions

Permissions have changed. Users and/or admins will have to consent even if they have already done so.

API permissions

Applications are authorized to use APIs by requesting permissions. These permissions show up in the application's permissions list. You can grant/deny access.

**+ Add a permission** 1

API / PERMISSIONS NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
▼ Exchange (6)		
Contacts.Read	Application	Read contacts in...
Mail.Read	Application	Read mail in all m...
Mail.ReadWrite	Application	Read and write m...
MailboxSettings.Read	Application	Read all user mail...
User.Read.All	Application	Read all users' ful...
User.ReadBasic.All	Application	Read all users' ba...
▼ Microsoft Graph (10)		
Contacts.Read	Application	Read contacts in...
Directory.Read.All	Application	Read directory da...
Group.Read.All	Application	Read all groups
Mail.Read	Application	Read mail in all m...
Mail.ReadWrite	Application	Read and write m...
MailboxSettings.Read	Application	Read all user mail...
Member.Read.Hidden	Application	Read all hidden m...
People.Read.All	Application	Read all users' rel...
User.Export.All	Application	Export user's dat...

Request API permissions

Select an API 2

Microsoft APIs APIs my organization uses My APIs

Apps in your directory that expose APIs are shown below

Windows Azure Active Directory

NAME	APPLICATION (CLIENT) ID
Windows Azure Active Directory 3	00000002-0000-0000-c000-000000000000

16. For **Windows Azure Active Directory API**, choose **Application Permissions**, then select the below two permissions and click **Add permissions**.

Directory

- **Directory.Read.All** (Read directory data)

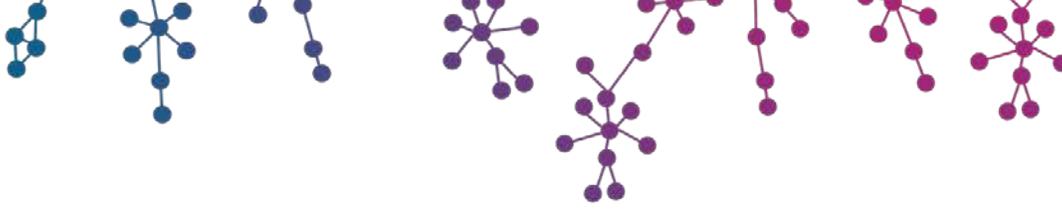
Member

- **Member.Read.Hidden** (Read all hidden memberships)

---

*Note: None of the DELEGATED PERMISSIONS are required.*

---



Graphus - API permissions

Permissions have changed. Users and/or admins will have to consent even if they have already done so.

### API permissions

Applications are authorized to use APIs by requesting permissions. These permissions show up on the application's consent screen and require grant/deny access.

[+ Add a permission](#)

API / PERMISSIONS NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
▼ Exchange (6)		
<a href="#">Contacts.Read</a>	Application	Read contacts in user's mailbox
<a href="#">Mail.Read</a>	Application	Read mail in all mailboxes
<a href="#">Mail.ReadWrite</a>	Application	Read and write mail in all mailboxes
<a href="#">MailboxSettings.Read</a>	Application	Read all user mailbox settings
<a href="#">User.Read.All</a>	Application	Read all users' full profiles
<a href="#">User.ReadBasic.All</a>	Application	Read all users' basic profiles
▼ Microsoft Graph (10)		
<a href="#">Contacts.Read</a>	Application	Read contacts in user's mailbox
<a href="#">Directory.Read.All</a>	Application	Read directory data
<a href="#">Group.Read.All</a>	Application	Read all groups
<a href="#">Mail.Read</a>	Application	Read mail in all mailboxes
<a href="#">Mail.ReadWrite</a>	Application	Read and write mail in all mailboxes
<a href="#">MailboxSettings.Read</a>	Application	Read all user mailbox settings
<a href="#">Member.Read.Hidden</a>	Application	Read all hidden memberships
<a href="#">People.Read.All</a>	Application	Read all users' profiles
<a href="#">User.Export.All</a>	Application	Export user's data

### Request API permissions

< All APIs

Azure Active Directory Graph  
<https://graph.windows.net/> [Docs](#)

Azure Active Directory Graph APIs are available via the Microsoft Graph API. You may want to consider using Microsoft Graph instead.

What type of permissions does your application require?

Delegated permissions  
Your application needs to access the API as the signed-in user.

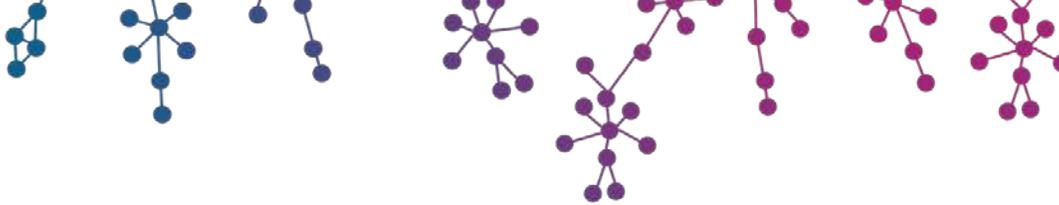
**Application permissions**  
Your application runs as a background service or daemon without a signed-in user.

Select permissions [expand all](#)

Type to search

PERMISSION	ADMIN CONSENT REQUIRED
▶ Application	
▶ Device	
▼ Directory (1)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Directory.Read.All</b> Read directory data	Yes
<input type="checkbox"/> Directory.ReadWrite.All Read and write directory data	Yes
▶ Domain	
▼ Member (1)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Member.Read.Hidden</b> Read all hidden memberships	Yes

[Add permissions](#) [Discard](#)



17. Click **Grant admin consent for <your organization>** button in Grant Consent section. Then, click **Yes** button on the confirmation popup.

Do you want to grant consent for the requested permissions for all accounts in Graphus Inc? This will update any existing admin consent records this application already has to match what is listed below.

Configured permissions

Applications are authorized to call APIs when they are granted permissions by users/admins as part of the consent process. The list of configured permissions should include all the permissions the application needs. [Learn more about permissions and consent.](#)

+ Add a permission  Grant admin consent for Graphus Inc. 1

API / Permissions name	Type	Description	Admin consent req...	Status
▼ Azure Active Directory Graph (2)				
Directory.Read.All	Application	Read directory data	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
Member.Read.Hidden	Application	Read all hidden memberships	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
▼ Microsoft Graph (10)				
Contacts.Read	Application	Read contacts in all mailboxes	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
Directory.Read.All	Application	Read directory data	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
Group.Read.All	Application	Read all groups	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
Mail.Read	Application	Read mail in all mailboxes	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
Mail.ReadWrite	Application	Read and write mail in all mailboxes	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
MailboxSettings.ReadWrite	Application	Read and write all user mailbox settings	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
Member.Read.Hidden	Application	Read all hidden memberships	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
People.Read.All	Application	Read all users' relevant people lists	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
User.Export.All	Application	Export users' data	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
User.Read.All	Application	Read all users' full profiles	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
▼ Office 365 Exchange Online (6)				

If the action is successful, the confirmation message will be displayed as below.

Successfully granted admin consent for the requested permissions.

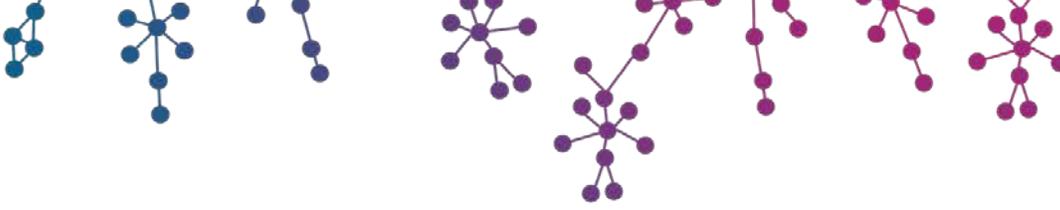
⚠ This application is using Azure AD Graph API, which is on a deprecation path. Starting June 30th, 2020 we will no longer add any new features to Azure AD Graph API. We strongly recommend that you upgrade your application to use Microsoft Graph API instead of Azure AD Graph API to access Azure Active Directory resources. [Learn more](#)

Configured permissions

Applications are authorized to call APIs when they are granted permissions by users/admins as part of the consent process. The list of configured permissions should include all the permissions the application needs. [Learn more about permissions and consent.](#)

+ Add a permission  Grant admin consent for Graphus Inc

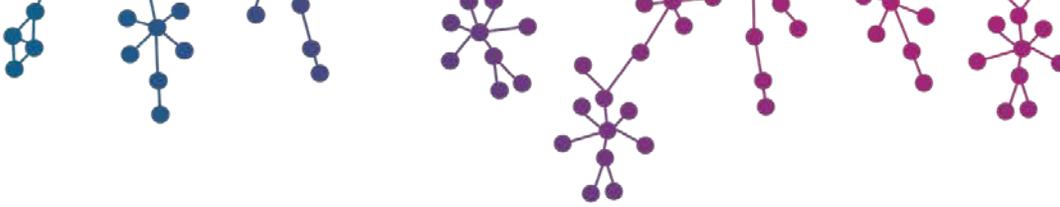
API / Permissions name	Type	Description	Admin consent req...	Status
▼ Azure Active Directory Graph (2)				
Directory.Read.All	Application	Read directory data	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
Member.Read.Hidden	Application	Read all hidden memberships	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
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Directory.Read.All	Application	Read directory data	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
Group.Read.All	Application	Read all groups	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
Mail.Read	Application	Read mail in all mailboxes	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
Mail.ReadWrite	Application	Read and write mail in all mailboxes	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc
MailboxSettings.ReadWrite	Application	Read and write all user mailbox settings	Yes	Granted for Graphus Inc



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*Note: It usually takes 5 -10 minutes for the changes to take effect in Azure AD.*

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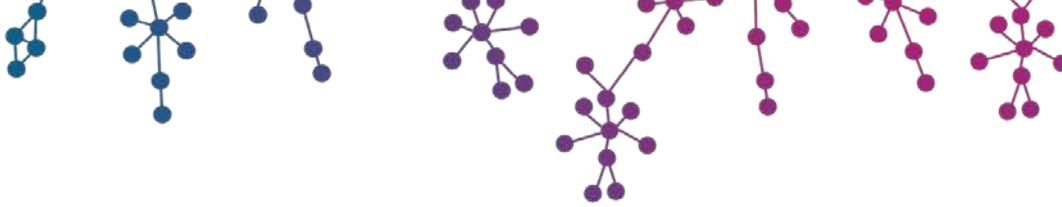
## 2. Required Permissions

For the seamless integration of Graphus application with your organization and detection and remediation of various kinds of email attacks, a set of permissions is required for following Microsoft APIs.

- Microsoft Graph
- Office 365 Exchange Online
- Windows Azure Active Directory

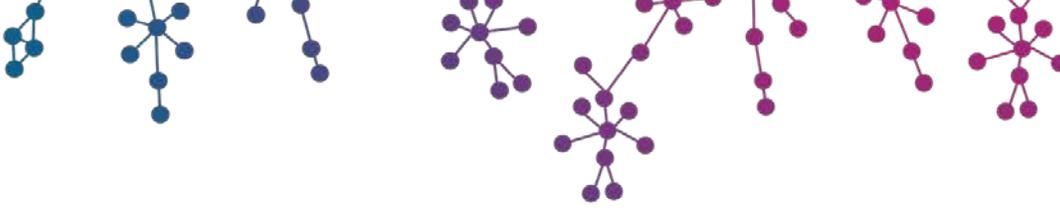
The following table describes why certain permissions are needed by Graphus.

Microsoft Graph	
Permission	Required for
User.Export.All	Required to fetch the email address, first name and last name of the users in an organization to detect the impersonation.
People.Read.All	Required to fetch the shared contacts of a user in an organization to build the Trust Graph.
MailboxSettings.Read	Required to get the current status of a mailbox.
Member.Read.Hidden	Required to get the information of all the groups (public and private) that a user belongs to. It is used by Graphus to detect mails sent to group email addresses.
Mail.Read	Required by Graphus for the detection of email attacks.
Mail.ReadWrite	Required by Graphus for detection of email attacks and insertion of EmployeeShield in an email. This is also required to delete mail from a user's inbox when an email attack needs to be quarantined.
Contacts.Read	Required to fetch the email addresses, first name and last name of the users in an organization to detect user impersonation.
Group.Read.All	Required to get the information of all the groups that a user belongs to. It is used by Graphus to detect mails sent to group email addresses. This is also needed when only a subset of users belonging to a group is required to be protected.
Directory.Read.All	Required to fetch detailed attributes of all the users and groups in an organization for detection of email attacks.
User.Read.All	Required to make a decision to either process the user's mailbox by Graphus or not. This information is also required in the OAuth flow.



Office 365 Exchange Online	
Permission	Required For
User.Read.All	Required to make a decision to either process the user's mailbox by Graphus or not. This information is also required in the oAuth flow.
User.ReadBasic.All	Required to make a decision to either process the user's mailbox by Graphus or not. This information is also required to fetch the email address, first name and last name of the users in an organization to detect user impersonation.
MailboxSettings.Read	Required to get the current status of a mailbox.
Contacts.Read	Required to fetch the email addresses, first name and last name of users in an organization to detect user impersonation.
Mail.Read	Required by Graphus for the detection of email attacks.
Mail.ReadWrite	Required by Graphus for detection of email attacks and insertion of EmployeeShield in a mail. This is also required to delete mail from a user's inbox when an email attack needs to be quarantined.

Windows Azure Active Directory	
Permission	Required For
Member.Read.Hidden	Required to get the information of all the groups (public and private) that a user belongs to. It is used by Graphus to detect mails sent to group email addresses
Directory.Read.All	Required to fetch deep-level information of all users and groups in an organization for detection of email attacks

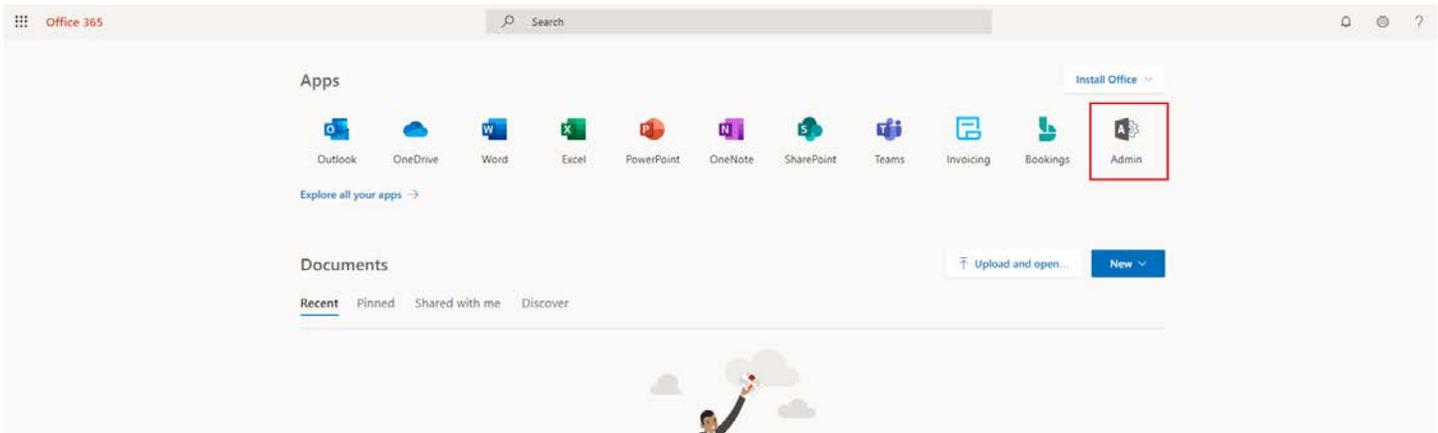


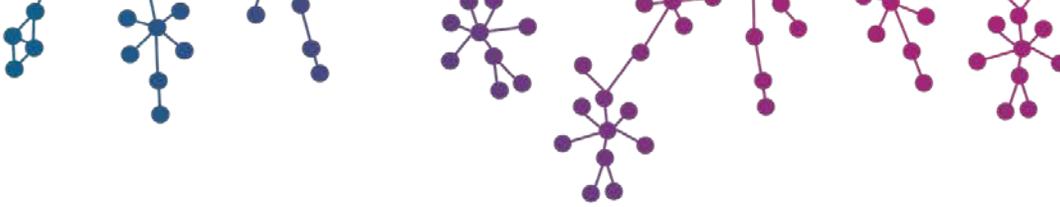
### 3. Graphus Application Deactivation

If, for any reason, you want to deactivate Graphus application from your environment, then please follow the below steps.

#### Steps

1. Login to Office 365 portal and select **Admin**.



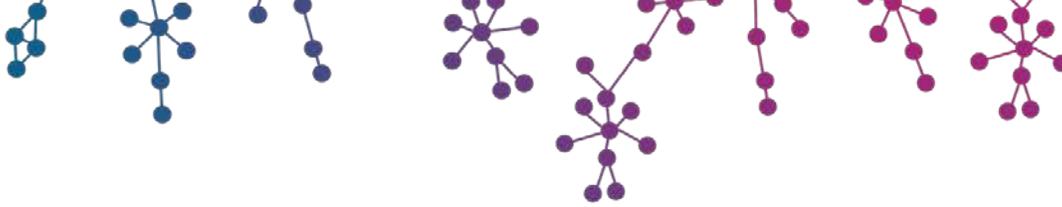


## 2. Expand **Admin centers** and choose **Azure Active Directory**.

The screenshot shows the Microsoft 365 admin center. On the left sidebar, under the 'Admin centers' section, 'Azure Active Directory' is highlighted with a red box. The main content area displays the Graphus dashboard with three main sections: 'User management' (with 'Add user' and 'Edit user' buttons), 'Billing' (showing a total balance of ₹0.00), and 'Training & guides' (with links to training for admins and users).

## 3. Click **Azure Active Directory**.

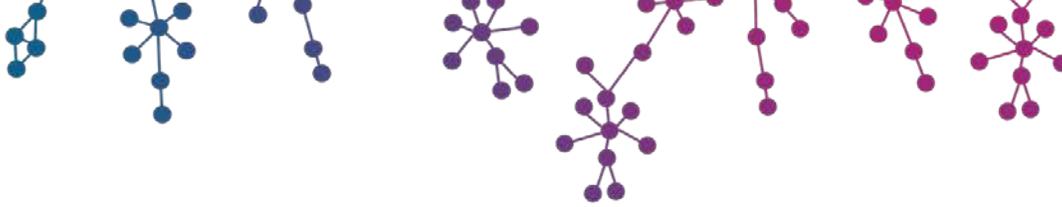
The screenshot shows the Azure Active Directory admin center dashboard. In the left sidebar, 'Azure Active Directory' is highlighted with a red box. The main dashboard area includes a 'Dashboard' header with navigation options, a 'Graphus' section with a welcome message, a 'Welcome to the Azure AD admin center' section with a 'See how Azure AD can help your organization' link, a 'Quick tasks' section with links like 'Add a user' and 'Add a group', a 'Users and groups' section with a 'SR' icon, and a 'Recommended' section with a 'Sync with Windows Server AD' link.



4. In the Manage section, click **App registrations** and then choose the Graphus application from the application list.

The screenshot shows the Azure Active Directory admin center interface. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with 'App registrations' highlighted. The main content area displays the 'Graphus - App registrations' page. At the top, there are navigation links for 'New registration', 'Endpoints', 'Troubleshooting', and 'Got feedback?'. Below this, there is a welcome message and a warning about legacy app registrations. The main content area shows a table of applications with the following data:

DISPLAY NAME	APPLICATION (CLIENT) ID	CREATED ON	CERTIFICATES
GR Graphus	3700b48e-4965-4276-91c1-2ef3ctcf9002	5/12/2019	-



5. Click the **Delete** button for the Graphus application.

Dashboard > Graphus - App registrations > Graphus

### Graphus

**Delete** Endpoints

Display name	: Graphus	Supported account types	: My organization only
Application (client) ID	: 3700b48e-4965-4276-91c1-2ef3c1cf9002	Redirect URIs	: 1 web, 0 public client
Directory (tenant) ID	: 9ff61353-31f6-4a9a-8d65-aa1181284684	Managed application in...	: Graphus
Object ID	: d193360b-ab21-450d-bcbe-c6886a72a088		

Welcome to the new and improved App registrations. Looking to learn how it's changed from App registrations (Legacy)? [Learn more](#)

#### Call APIs

Build more powerful apps with rich user and business data from Microsoft services and your own company's data sources.

[View API Permissions](#)

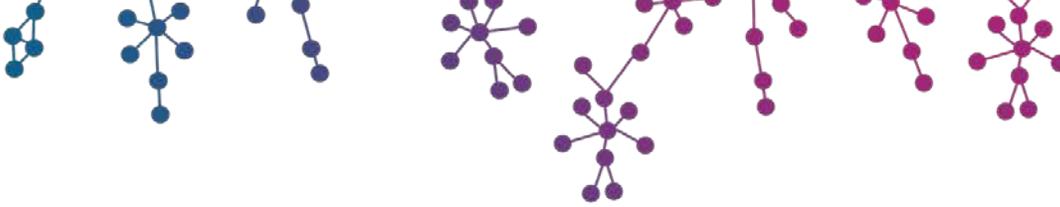
#### Sign in users in 5 minutes

Use our SDKs to sign in users and call APIs in a few steps

[View all quickstart guides](#)

#### Documentation

- Microsoft identity platform
- Authentication scenarios
- Authentication libraries
- Code samples
- Microsoft Graph
- Glossary
- Help and Support



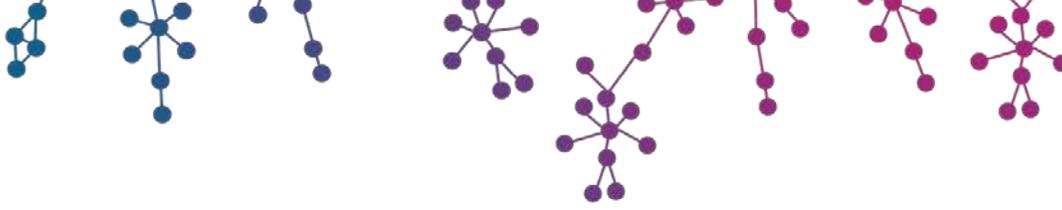
6. Click **Yes** on the confirmation popup.

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Graph API Explorer interface. At the top, the breadcrumb navigation reads "Dashboard > Graphus - App registrations > Graphus". The main heading is "Graphus". On the left, there is a navigation menu with sections: "Overview", "Quickstart", "Manage" (containing Branding, Authentication, Certificates & secrets, API permissions, Expose an API, Owners, Manifest), and "Support + Troubleshooting" (containing Troubleshooting, New support request). The main content area shows a confirmation dialog: "Existing managed application in local directory. Delete application Graphus?". Below the text are two buttons: "Yes" (highlighted with a red box) and "No". Below the dialog is a welcome message: "Welcome to the new and improved App registrations. Looking to learn how it's changed from App registrations (Legacy)? [Learn more](#)". There are two main sections: "Call APIs" with icons for various services and a "View API Permissions" button, and "Sign in users in 5 minutes" with icons for various platforms and a "View all quickstart guides" button. On the right, there is a "Documentation" section with links to "Microsoft identity platform", "Authentication scenarios", "Code samples", "Microsoft Graph", "Glossary", and "Help and Support".

After deletion is successful, a confirmation message will appear as depicted below.

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Graph API Explorer interface after the application has been deleted. A confirmation message is displayed in a red-bordered box at the top right: "Delete application 7:45 PM" with a green checkmark icon and the text "Successfully deleted application Graphus.". Below this, the navigation menu is visible with "New registration", "Endpoints", "Troubleshooting", and "Got feedback?". A welcome message states: "Welcome to the new and improved App registrations (now Generally Available). See what's new →". A warning message says: "Looking to learn how it's changed from App registrations (Legacy)? [learn more](#). Still want to use App registrations (Legacy)? [Go back and tell us why](#)". There are tabs for "All applications" and "Owned applications". A search bar contains the text "Start typing a name or Application ID to filter these results". Below the search bar is a table with columns: "DISPLAY NAME", "APPLICATION (CLIENT) ID", "CREATED ON", and "CERTIFICATES & SECRETS". The table is empty, and a message below it says: "This account isn't listed as an owner of any applications in this directory." with a "View all applications in the directory" button.

After this step, the Graphus application and its associated API permissions will be successfully removed.



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